

Grade	Definition	Action
1	<p>Oedema in the head/neck</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Veins distended • Cyanosis • Plethora 	<p>Intervention required</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arrange urgent medical review • Monitor airways, breathing and circulation
2	<p>Oedema in the head/neck with mild functional impairment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mild dysphagia • Cough • Mild or moderate impairment of head, jaw or eyelid movements • Visual disturbances caused by ocular oedema 	
3	<p>Mild or moderate cerebral oedema</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • headaches • dizziness <p>Mild moderate laryngeal oedema or diminished reserve</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • dizziness/syncope after bending 	<p>Emergency:</p> <p>Urgent intervention required</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seek urgent medical advice. Contact local hospital emergency/arrest team) • Address life threatening symptoms - monitor and manage airways, breathing and circulation
4	<p>Significant cerebral oedema</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • confusion, altered level of consciousness <p>Significant laryngeal oedema</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • stridor <p>Significant haemodynamic compromise</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • syncope, hypotension, renal insufficiency 	

1. Mariano Provencio Pulla, 2016. ESMO Handbook of oncological emergencies. 2nd edn, ESMO press

2. UKONS, 2018. Acute oncology initial management guidelines. UKONS